The People's Press.

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The People's Press.

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The Man with the Red Eye.

About eight years ago, when I had not railroaded it as long as I have now, I was employed as a messenger on a western railway. I don't know as it is necessary for me to say what line it was, but I will call it the B. T. & G. R. R., to save myself the trouble of pronouncing the whole name.

I had not been on the run more than a month previous to the date of the occurrence of which I am going to tell you. I had been running on a branch route for more than a year, and might have staid there a good deal longer, if I had not been chosen to take Paxton's place when he went off. You see, two or three attempts had been made to rob the express car, and at last, at the end of a long run, Paxton was found dead in the car with a bullet hole in his head.—But the safe was closed tight and secure, though an attempt had been made to blow it open, which proved ineffectual. But the strangest part of it all was that the key was missing from Paxton's pocket, and it was not found till a good six weeks afterward. Then it was discovered at the side of the track, with a card tied on it, on which it was written that robbers were in the car, and he expected they would murder him if he refused to give up the key. He was true to the last. Well, you may suppose that I felt just the least bit squeamish about accepting such an uninviting hearth; but the superintendent gave me orders, and I meant to do my duty, however disagreeable it might be. Then the pay was larger than I had ever received before; and I was acquainted with a good girl who was ready to help me inhabit a house whenever I should be able to own one, and that was quite an object to me, I can assure you.

Well, everything passed off smoothly enough for several weeks, and I had become accustomed to the route, and made a dozen or so of very pleasant acquaintances, and was growing to be pretty well contented with my life. I had almost begun to think the robbers, whoever they might be, had given up all thoughts of ever making anything out of my car, and sought another field of operations.

One day I was informed at R—— that some time within a week I would have to take charge of about $80,000 in specie in its transit over our road. The officers of the express company had been advised of this intended important shipment in order that they might exercise redoubled vigilance in the view of the great risk incurred in the transportation of such a valuable consignment.

The evening after my conversation with the agent he called me into the office, and told me the specie was to go over the road the next day but one. He produced an envelope and handed it to me, saying as he did so:

"There, Bill, are your orders, direct from the superintendent, with his own signature attached. Read them carefully and obey them to the letter, for a little mismove might cause a great loss to the company and cost you your position."

"I shall do my duty to the very letter," I replied.

"I am sure you mean to do so," said the agent, "but you cannot be too careful. Some of the members of the light-fingered profession are smart as lightning. The plans they can't devise ain't worth thinking of, and they are as fertile in expedients as the evil one himself. I thought I'd just put you on your guard in a friendly way, and—"

There was a slight sound at the door. If the depot hadn't been deserted by every one except us two, and the switch engine hadn't been up at the end of the yard, where we could hear its incessant puffing, I don't believe would have heard the sound at all. But we both noticed it at once, and as I looked out of the office into the large room beyond, I saw a man standing just inside the outer door, with his head inclined toward us as if he was trying to overhear our conversation. He saw me about the time I first noticed him. I knew it from the little start of surprise he gave as his eyes met mine.

He was all over his surprise in a minute, for he drew his face down to an expression of the utmost unconcern, and came boldly forward to the windows of the office through which the agent always transacted any business he might have with persons without.

He was a very fair appearing man, apparently about forty, though he might have been a little older.—He was dressed in black, and, wearing a high hat, he might have passed very well for one of the cloth if his nose hadn't been just a trifle luminous. The other peculiarity I noticed about the man was that he had a queer sort of red-looking eye. It appeared fixed and staring, and as he came nearer I concluded it was glass. It was so strange and unnatural in its expression that I thought I should know it if I should see it peering at me over the wall of China.

"Is there a small package here for Isaac G. Van Scoter," he asked in a business-like way, in answer to the inquiring glance of the agent.

The agent referred to one of the big registers on the desk, and answered in the negative.

"Queer," said the man with the red eye. "It ought to have come yesterday. Have you read the *Evening Chronicle*?"

And after this abrupt interrogation, the stranger stood quite motionless, eyeing the agent intently for as much as a minute.

We both answered 'No.'

The man took a paper out of his pocket, and spreading it open before us put one of his slender forefingers upon the following paragraph:

Fatal Accident.

This afternoon as two men, named respectively Henry Van Scoter and C. H. Griggs, were at work chopping timber in the pineries near Scranton, a tree fell upon them, killing Van Scoter instantly, and inflicting injuries upon the person of Griggs from which he died in less than an hour.—They are residents of G——, and it is understood their remains will be taken to that place for burial.

'Henry Van Scoter was my only brother—my twin brother—who resembled me very much, and Charley Griggswas my sister's husband. It's a sad blow! a sad blow! I don't know how my poor sister will bear it. It's about this sad affair I came here chiefly. I want to send the bodies through to G—— by express Thursday, by the 11:40 train. What will be the charges?'

'The charge will be twenty-five dollars,' answered the agent.

The stranger bowed solemnly in recognition of the reply. Then he was silent for a minute or two, during which time he appeared to be struggling with his grief.

'The bodies will be here Thursday morning,' he said. 'I hope you will make all arrangements to prevent any delay. I guess my package won't come this week.'

The agent assured him that there would be no delay, and he might depend on having the bodies go through to G—— with the greatest possible expedition.

The man bowed again politely, and then said:

'Is the telegraph office near? I must break the sorrowful news to my poor sister, I suppose, though its anything but a pleasant duty.'

I told him how to reach the place he sought, and with a polite 'thank you,' the sad man with the red eye walked out of the office, and in a few moments the sound of his footsteps died away in the distance.

'A queer sort of chap,' said I.

'Suppose you go to the telegraph office and see what kind of a message he sends,' suggested the agent.

No sooner said than done. I hastened around to the telegraph office, and as I went in the man came out. He didn't seem to recognize me—at least he didn't look at me—and I thought it prudent not to notice him.

'Did that preacher-looking fellow send a message to G——?' I asked of the operator, when I had gone in and closed the door after me.

'Yes. Why do you ask?'

'Oh, only out of curiosity,' I replied. 'Was it anything of importance? The man said that his brother and brother-in-law were killed this afternoon.'

The operator took the copy of the message from the file on the table and laid it before me. It was addressed to Mrs. C. H. Griggs, G——, and signed Isaac G. Van Scoter. It read:

'Henry and Charles are both dead. They will be sent home Thursday.'

Everything seemed consistent, and any doubts I had entertained of the good intentions of the stranger were speedily dissolved. I didn't go back to the office, but turned my steps toward my boarding place, thinking, that Thursday would be an uncommon day with me, with two corpses and $80,000 in specie in my car.

The money was safely deposited in the car an hour before the time for the train to leave, Thursday morning. It was securely locked in two strong, iron-bound chests, and when they were stowed away in the large safe, and the heavy doors made fast, I thought everything was pretty well fixed. A few minutes before we pulled out two wagons passed by the car, one of them containing two coffins and the other six men, who were evidently acting as pall-bearers. I looked around for the bereaved brother with the peculiar eye, but he was nowhere to be seen. I thought it a little strange that he should be absent at such a time, but I forgot all about it in a moment.

The coffins were placed in one end of the car, and after it had been arranged that one of the men should come into the car and take a look at the bodies when we arrived at Redwood, he shook hands with the others and entered one of the coaches. As the doors closed on him, the bells rang and we went steaming away.

I was pretty busy for an hour or more, and we had passed three or four stations before I had time to cast more than a casual glance toward the quiet passengers at the end of the car. But after a little, when I had more leisure, an uncontrolable wish took possession of me to look at the faces of the two dead men. It wasn't mere morbid curiosity, and I can't describe it in any way better than to say it was a sort of vague desire which I could not quiet without satisfying it.

I noticed that the lids were not fastened down. My next discovery was that the screws were gone. This struck me as strange, for I was sure I had noticed them when the coffins were lifted into the car. I remembered that I had given the attendants permission to arrange the caskets to their own satisfaction, and that they had been a long time doing it. If they had removed the screws unobserved at that time, what possible object could they have had in doing so? With this question in my mind I raised the upper portion of the lid of the coffin nearest me and took a view of the face of the occupant. He was a young man, with a full face and square features. His cheeks were not sunken, and he had a decidedly fresh appearance for a young man who had been dead nearly two days, I thought.

Replacing the lid, I passed away to the other coffin. Here a new and startling surprise met me. The man in the coffin was the man I had seen in the express office! That red eye was staring straight at me; and I was not mistaken! For a moment my consternation was too great for words. I could not have uttered a sound had my life depended on it.

The man who was alive after the accident, which the paper said caused the death of Van Scoter and Griggs, and who had made arrangements for the transportation of their remains, was now here in this coffin, to all appearance dead! Then I remembered that the bereaved stranger had said that his dead brother resembled him very closely. But two brothers are not apt to have red glass-eyes! Such a coincidence as this was beyond the pale of reasonable probabilities.

While yet I gazed at the supposed corpse, the other opened a little, and I was sure it was looking at me. I was convinced that there was fraud here, but to show that I had discovered it might cost me my life. So I very quietly replaced the lid of the coffin and took a moment's time to think the matter over.

I remembered my conversation with the express agent, which I feared had been overheard by the clerical-looking stranger, and could only come to the conclusion that the whole thing was a deliberate plan to murder me and gain possession of the $80,000 in my charge. There was no denying that the man with the red eye was alive, and I had no doubt that the other man was also. Kneeling down, I placed my ear close to the side of the coffin, and could hear him breathe quite distinctly. I remember that the attendant who had boarded the train intended to enter the car at Redwood, ostensibly for the purpose of seeing the bodies; and I could not doubt that the three men intended to attack me after the train pulled out from the station, and rob the car before our arrival at the next stopping place. There was but one station between us and Redwood, and I knew we would be there in ten minutes more. I had no time for hesitation. Instant action was my only chance for safety. If I could secure myself against an attack until we reached the next station, I felt that all would be well. In one instant I had decided upon a plan of action. As quickly as possible I piled several heavy boxes of merchandise on top of the two coffins, and then I knew I was safe. Scarcely was this accomplished when we ran into the station.

I immediately found two or three officers. First the man in the coach was secured. He was highly indignant, that he should be disturbed on such a solemn mission. But it was no go. He was handcuffed in less than two minutes and marched out on the platform.

It was an easy matter to secure the two quondam dead men. They were taken greatly at a disadvantage, and were deprived of all power to resist almost before they became aware how their nice little scheme had terminated. All three had been well armed.

Bound and guarded, the three miscreants were taken to Redwood and lodged in the county jail.

Before I left I took a look at them through the grated doors of their cell. When I paid my respects to the man with the red eye, he smiled a little and remarked patronizingly:

'You're a pretty sharp young man. It takes a middling keen boy to outwit us.'

'Allow me to sympathize with you in your sorrow at the loss of your dear brother, just a little,' I replied.

Criminal Jurisdiction of Magistrates.

The following important bill passed the Senate last week.

SECTION 1. Justices of the Peace shall have exclusive original jurisdiction to hear, try and determine the offenses enumerated in scotions 43, 46, 85, 120, 116, 117, 119, 120, and 139, of chap. 32, of Battle's Revisal—as amended by chap. 176, of the laws of 1873 and 1874—and the punishment in every such offence shall not exceed a fine of fifty dollars, or imprisonment for thirty days.

SEC. 2. Justices of the Peace shall also have exclusive original jurisdiction of all peace warrants, and proceed thereunder, and of all bastardy proceedings, and issues arising thereunder, and take bonds from defendants in such proceedings with approved security, as heretofore required by law, to be taken in the Superior Courts of this State, and also of all assaults and batteries, and affrays, where no deadly weapon is used, and the punishment for the offenses enumerated in this section shall not exceed a fine of fifty dollars or imprisonment for thirty days, and the allowance made to the woman in bastarday proceeding, when the issue of paternity has been found against a defendant, shall be such sums as have heretofore prevailed in the Superior Courts of this State.

SEC. 3. The party convicted before a Justice shall always be adjudged to pay the cost, and if the party charged shall be acquitted, the complainant shall be adjudged to pay costs, and may be imprisoned for non-payment thereof.

SEC. 4. The words "imprisonment for one month," whenever used in any of the statute laws of this State shall be contrued to mean 'imprisonment for thirty days" by all the Judges and Courts of the State.

SEC. 5. Section 6, of chap. 176, the Law of 1873 and 1874 is hereby repealed.

SEC. 6. Sec. 3, chap. 32 of Battle's Revisal, shall be amended to read as follows: "In all cases of an assault, with or without intent to kill or injure, the person convicted shall be punished by fine or imprisonment or both, at the discretion of the court, provided that where no deadly weapons have been used and no serious damage done, the punishment shall not exceed a fine of fifty dollars or imprisonment for thirty days.

SEC. 7. Justices of the Peace shall have exclusive original jurisdiction of all criminal matters arising within their counties where the punishment now, or which shall hereafter be provided by law, shall not exceed a fine of fifty dollars, or imprisonment for thirty days.

SEC. 8. Sec. 119, chap. 33, of Battle's Revisal is hereby repealed.

SEC. 9. This act shall be in force from its ratification.

Virginia and North Carolina.

Virginia is looking in earnest in the direction of North-Western N. C., as the following, from the Raleigh *Observer*, will show:

"The Legislature of Virginia has incorporated the Virginia and Statesville Narrow Gauge Railroad, and the measure is now before our General Assembly for concurrence or rejection. This proposed line, to quote the language of the Virginia bill, is 'to begin at Crocket's depot, or some more practicable point between Wythville, in Wythe county, and Mount Airy, in Smith county, on the Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohio Railroad, to run to Independence, Grayson county, Virginia, crossing the Iron mountain at the Dry Run gap; thence to the North Carolina line in the direction of Sparta, in Alleghany county, to meet a railroad chartered by the Legislature of North Carolina, and known by the name of Statesville and Virginia Air-line Narrow Guage Railroad, in case said railroad shall be built on to the said North Carolina line in a direction of the Ore Knob in Ashe county, North Carolina, in case said Statesville and Virginia Air-Line Narrow Guage Railroad shall not be built.'

This line would penetrate the counties of Alleghany, Wilkes, Iredell, and perhaps Alexander. It would pass through counties adjoining those which the Chester and Lenoir and Caldwell and Watauga extension of that line penetrates, but there need not exist a rivalry of antagonism between the two enterprises, and there may be such an accommodation of local interests as to produce no conflict between the friends of the two enterprises in the Legislature. Both would tend to the development of different portions of the north-west section. While it would be unfortunate to promote a rivalry that should in the least retard the progress of our outlying northwest counties, looking at the matter from a State standpoint, it is not seen that opposition to either would be a wise course to pursue."

Don't Whip.

A parent who doesn't know how to govern a child without whipping it ought to surrender the care of that child to some wiser person. Sportsmen once thought it necessary to lash their dogs in training them for the field. They know now that the whip should never be used. Horsemen once thought it was necessary to whip colts to teach them to start and stop at the word and pull steadily. They now know that an apple is better than a blow. If dogs and horses can be thus educated without punishment, what is there in our children which makes it necessary to slap and pound them? Have they less intelligence? Have they cold hearts? Are they lower in the scale of being? We have heard many old people say: 'If we were to bring up another child we would never whip it.' They are wise—but a little too late. Instead of God doing so little for children, that they must be whipped into goodness, He has done so much for them that even whipping can't ruin them—that is, as a rule. But, alas! there are many exceptions to this rule. Many children are of such quality that a blow makes them cowardly, reckless, deceitful, or permanently ugly.—Whipping makes children lie. Whipping makes them steal. Whipping breaks their spirit. Whipping makes them hate their parents. Whipping makes home distasteful—makes the boys runaways, makes the girls seek happiness anywhere and anyhow.—It is bad policy to whip children.

WHERE IT NEVER RAINS.—In Peru, South America, rain is unknown. The coast of Peru is within the region of perpetual southeast tradewinds, and though the Peruvian shores are on the verge of the great southeast boiler, yet it never rains there. The reason is plain. The southeast trade winds in the Atlantic Ocean first strike the water on the coast of Africa. Travelling to the northwest, they blow obliquely across the ocean until they reach the coast of Brazil. By this time they are laden with vapor, which they continue to bear along across the continent, depositing it as they go and supplying with it the sources of the Rio de la Plata and the southern tributaries of the Amazon. Finally they reach the snow-capped Andies; here is wrung from them the last particle of moisture that a very low temperature can attract.—Reaching the summit of that range, they now tumble down as cool and dry winds on the Pacific slope beyond. Meeting with no evaporating surface, and no temperature colder than that to which they were subjected on the mountain tops, they reach the tops of the Andes become the reservoir from which are supplied the rivers of Chili and Peru.

It must be a great satisfaction at the close of life, to be able to look back on the years which are passed and feel that you have lived; not for yourself alone, but that you have been useful to others. You may be assured, also, that the same feeling is a source of comfort and happiness at any period of life. There is nothing in this world so good as usefulness. It binds your fellow creatures to you, and you to them, it tends to the improvement of your own character, and it gives you zeal or importance in society—much beyond what an artificial station can bestow.

The heart is a book which we ought not to tear in our hurry to get at its contents.

Young man you may go uphill as fast as you please, but go down hill slow.

Drinking Ice-Water.

There is no more doubt that drinking ice water arrests digestion than there is that a refrigerator would arrest perspiration. It drives from the stomach its natural heat, suspends the flow of gastric juice, and shocks and weakens the delicate organs with which it comes in contact. An able writer on human diseases says:

"Habitual ice-water drinkers are usually very flabby about the region of the stomach. They complain that their food lies heavy on that patient organ. They taste their dinner for hours after it is bolted. They cultivate the use of stimulants to aid digestion. If they are intelligent they read upon food and what the physiologist has to say about it—how long it takes cabbage and beef and pork and potatoes and other meats and esculents to go through the process of assimilation. They roar at new bread, hot cakes, and fried meat, imaging these to have been the cause of their maladies. But the ice-water goes down all the same, and finally friends are called in to take a farewell look at one whom a mysterious Providence has called to a clime where, as far as is known, ice-water is not used. The number of mortal beings who go hence, to return no more, on account of an injudicious use of ice-water, can hardly be estimated.—*Baltimore Sun.*

Don't Worry.

Men and women give over to worry, and about the strangest, the most out-of-the-way, the most unheard of, and the most laughable things it is possible to conceive.

It matters very little what are the outward circumstances—the will can find something in them to remind it of its own limitation of power, and to provoke its consequent resentment. It is curious to see how people of this habit will take anything that comes to hand—good bad or indifferent—and instantly begin to find in it something to grow anxious and impatient over, and to pull about on this side and then on that, until an exciting consciousness of their own inability to do anything in the matter, and an irritating feeling, in consequence of it, get the upper hand of their own good sense. What we have to say on this subject by way of practical suggestion, is just what everybody says, and says to little or no purpose. Worry doesn't do you the least good. It relieves from nothing, its helps nothing, it qualifies for no work, it conduces to no desired result. It very gratuitously puts an amount of wear and tear upon the nervous system without in the slightest degree obtaining in return any compensatory satisfaction. It is neither a duty nor a pleasure; and yet men almost invite and certainly entertain it, as if it were both.

SHINGLING—ONE NAIL BETTER THAN THREE.—In my early days I was apprenticed to a good mechanic, who taught me to put only one nail in any shingle, wide or narrow, and that one near the edge. If the nail is near the edge it is easily covered, and thus secured from moisture; but if in the middle of the shingle it is liable to be near a joint in the next course above, and thus rot around the nail. If but one nail is put in each shingle it can shrink and swell under the influence of extreme moisture, to both of which it is subjected, without straining the nail. If there were two nails in a shingle, the heat and moisture combined would enlarge the nail holes and cause the shingles to become loose. A nail driven near the edge of a shingle is sure to be properly covered by a careful mechanic, and no other should be allowed on your roof. A nail near the middle of a shingle might be difficult for any one to cover properly.

AMERICAN PRODUCE ABROAD.—At the dairy shows in England, American factory cheese took such a prominent position, as to cause the London *Times* to say it was driving "English Cheddar's out of the market." Be it understood that English Cheddar cheese is of a similar grade to the American factory product, and is the main reliance of the English market. A prominent American gentleman writes from Vienna, that the prospect of this country as viewed from abroad, promise an era of great prosperity, because we are finding a market in other lands for so much of our produce: horses, cattle, dead meat, butter, cheese, grain, and manufactured goods.—The larger proportion of animal products we can ship abroad the better, for that means that we are feeding grain, and thereby saving the fertility of our farms. For they are more exhausted by selling grain, than by feeding it and selling butter, cheese, &c., and by this course we get two prices for the grain, one in the product sold and one in the manure.—*American Agriculturist.*

Governor Hampton's Dream.

The following statement is vouched for by the editor of the Columbia, (S. C.) *Register*. The editor had a recent conversation with Governor Hampton, and congratulated him upon his recovery, and stated the people had prayed for his recovery, when Hampton replied as follows:

"I believe, as confidently as I do that I live, that the prayers of the people saved my life. I will tell you why I feel and believe it so firmly.—Whilst I was lying here at the point of death and had become utterly indifferent whether I lived or died, I got a letter from an old Methodist preacher, one of my old friends. He wrote me word informing me of the deep and devout petitions offered in behalf of my restoration by the Methodist Conference then in session at Newberry. He then urged upon me to exercise my will to live in response to the whole State, who are praying for me night and day in every household in the State. My sister, who had tremblingly brought the letter to my bed-side and read it to me, urged me to listen to the kind, loving words of the man of God and to rouse my will to live; and I promised her to do so. I fell into a deep sleep that night, and the most vivid dream I ever experienced in my life crossed my slumbers. I dreampt I was in a spacious room, and that in it I was moved to all parts of the State, so that I met my assembled friends everywhere. I remember most distinctly of all, old Beaufort, where I had last been. It seemed there were immense assemblages, and as I looked down upon them a grave personage approached me and touched me on the shoulder and said to me: "These people are all praying for you. Live, live, live!" I never realized anything like it before. It seemed a vision. I awoke the next morning feeling the life-blood creeping through my veins, and I told my family the crisis was passed and I would get better."

A Wilkes County Tragedy.

Charlotte Observer, 30th.

Alf. Edmundson, Lige Church and Riley Tedder, are three famous characters in Wilkes County, noted for their daring and reckless deeds. All of them have been accused of crimes of different kinds, two of them have been convicted in the courts and all are fugitives from justice.—Various attemps have been made to capture them at different times, but the nature of the country has enabled them to elude the vigilance of officers.

A man named Hayes informed Church and Tedder that Edmundson had stolen a pistol from a man who was working for him, and asked them to get the weapon from Edmundson. They accordingly went to the house of a man named Foster, where it was reported that Edmundson was stopping, and asked if he was there. Foster replied in the affirmative, and immediately the two men broke into the house, by kicking down the door. When they entered, Edmundson began to fire upon them. Tedder was killed almost instantly, and the next shot entered the breast of Church, passing out through his shoulder. As he was falling, he made a lunge at Edmundson and stabbed him in the shoulder, the knife cutting down his arm almost to the elbow. The fatal affray was all the work of an instant.

When the *Observer's* informant left the neighborhood, Friday, the day after the occurrence, the two wounded men had been removed from the scene of the tragedy by their friends, who are trying to keep their whereabouts concealed to prevent their capture by the county officers, but it is believed that their wounds are of such a serious nature that their hiding places cannot be kept secret.

Previous to the occurrence there seems to have been no ill feeling between the parties, and their violent procedure can be accounted for by no other supposition than this is the way they are in the habit of doing things.

There is now being formed in Lynn, Mass., a company of shoemakers, who propose to send a committee through the Southern States to find a good location in which to start a large shoe-factory.—The company will consist of about one hundred shoemakers, with their families. They will each have a small capital to work upon, and their place of location will be where they receive the most encouragement. The committee will first go to Texas, and from there through the Southern States.

The greatest man is he who chooses right with the most invincible resolution; who resists the sorest temptations from within and without; who bears the heaviest burden cheerfully; who is calmest in storms and most fearless under menaces and frowns.

The character of a wise and good man consists in three things—to do himself what he tells others to do, to act on no occasion contrary to justice, and to bear with the weakness of those about him.

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1879.

We are pleased to learn that the wholesale and retail trade of our (Salem) merchants has been very satisfactory during the past season. Messrs. Patterson & Co. have very largely increased their facilities for wholesale business, and command a trade *second to none* in this section. Our retail merchants have really nothing to complain of, and with a united effort the trade of our town could be still greatly increased. We need more manufactories of different kinds. Buildings could be procured at figures which ought to induce men of capital to go to work and increase our trade still more. There are also many enterprises which if commenced in a small way and managed with care, would gradually build themselves up into a good paying business.

RAILROADS.—Railroad bills have been introduced at various times by members of the Legislature affecting our immediate section. A bill allowing the Winston, Salem and Mooresville Railroad to use the convict labor of counties through which it passes passed the House. Work on this road commenced on the 27th ult., and will be pushed forward rapidly to 3rd creek station on the W. N. C. R. R., and thence towards Winston and Salem.

The other road, up the Yadkin Valley to Patterson, Caldwell county, claims considerable attention, as it passes through a rich section long isolated. It will probably connect with our road here. The bill amending the charter of N. W. N. C. R. R., which passed the House on Saturday last, makes the road to Patterson, "a second division of the road."

We publish with pleasure the following, as it goes far towards verifying our statement made last week. The statement is from the proprietors of Wachovia Mills. The old Salem Mill could add considerably to the amount:

"Our community offers a cash market for all the surplus grain in the country, as well as tobacco. We have no means of arriving at even a rough estimate of the quantity of grain consumed annually by our population of 4,000 souls, and the horses, cows, pigs and poultry kept in town; but we are able to submit a few figures, which may be of interest to the curious and attentive reader.

We opened Wachovia Mills in the summer of 1877, with the avowed purpose of paying full cash prices for grain at all times, but of course expecting to work up a trade quite slowly. We were almost surprised ourselves therefore, to find that during the year 1878, we had not only supplied a considerable home trade, but had shipped by rail to distant points, 2,207 sacks of flour, 380 sacks of meal, 732 bushels corn, 51,896 lbs. feed, making a total of 347,190 lbs. It must be remembered too, that this was in a year when the wheat crop, in many localities, was far below an average.

We by no means lay any claims to a monopoly in this business; there are probably others who have done a heavier local business, than we; but we think we are justified in claiming precedence in the matter of export to other markets."

Respectfully,
F. & H. FRIES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The nomination of Senator Christiancy, as minister to Peru has been confirmed.

Senate committee report in favor of reducing tobacco tax from 24 cents to 20, and to admit, free of duty, all licorice paste and rolls.

House refused to concur in Senate amendment to abolish volunteer navy.

The Southern war claims are being discussed.

Public debt decreased more than 200,000 in January.

Vick's Floral Guide and Monthly Magazine are among the finest of the many Catalogues sent out by seedsmen. The printing is faultless and the illustrations are elegant — The instruction imparted by this quarterly and monthly is given in a pleasant and chatty style.

B. F. Jonas, Esq., is the new Democratic Senator-elect from Louisiana. He takes the place of Mr. Eustis.

Gov. Thomas J. Jarvis.

The resignation of Gov. Vance took place yesterday, Wednesday, 5th inst., and Gov. Jarvis took the oath of office and entered upon the discharge of his Gubernatorial duties for the unexpired term of Gov. Vance.

Gov. Jarvis is a native of Hyde county, but resided in the county of Tyrell since he came to manhood and was the representative of that county in the General Assembly of 1868 to 1872, and it was in those eventful days that he first became conspicuous in his fight for the liberties of our State and people against the barbarous, corrupt cohorts of Radical fraud and villany. Afterwards Gov. Jarvis removed to Pitt county, which gallant county he represented in the Constitutional Convention of 1875. In 1876 he was nominated by the Democratic State Convention for Lieutenant-Governor, and was triumphantly elected with the rest of the ticket.

Gov. Jarvis brings to the office in addition to his recognized ability, the experience of a statesman, and altogether his administration is full of hope.—*Goldsboro Messenger.*

The Legislature.

The Wilmington *Star* of the 2nd inst says:

Why do the legislators delay in the matter of cutting down salaries? Are they afraid to do right? Are they afraid of the people? The people—the tax-payers—of North Carolina are with them. Nay, they demand that the expenses and salaries shall be lopped. Then go to work at once and do the lopping. Do not wait on the lobby any longer. Of course all present officeholders and their friends, and all expectant Barkises will din your ears, but act, men of the Legislature, and act at once.

It is becoming the topic of remark in this section, that the Legislature is paying too much attention to trivial matters, instead of perfecting more important business which would benefit the people and the State, thus extending the session unnecessarily long, at the expense of by no means an overflowing treasury.

It is plain, the members are afraid to act promptly, and we have no idea that they will get up their courage to pass the necessary law for the protection of sheep husbandry. And a number of other important bills before the Legislature, will be left for another session to sit over.

Something should also be done to adjust the State debt, as it has been intimated that imigrants may have an eye to that matter.

Marshal MacMahon, President of France, has resigned. The late election in France was carried by the Republicans, and the leaders of that party wished the army re-organized. This the President opposed and resigned rather than obey the party. M. Grevy has been elected to fill the vacancy.

Hon. R. L. T. Beale, Conservative member elect from the first Virginia Congressional district, has been elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Hon. B. B. Douglas.

J. J. Wells, a rich old man in New York City, was adjudged a lunatic by some of his poor second cousins, and stripped of over half a million dollars.

Wilkinson Call, the new Democratic Senator from Florida, is the man who was elected to the same office in 1866, but was not admitted. He and Gov. Vance will have something to say to each other on that subject.

Memphis, Tennessee, has, by act of the Legislature, ceased to be a chartered town, and thus gets clear of a $5,000,000 debt. Mobile, Alabama, and other Southern cities will surrender their charters for the same reason.

Sherman was at Atlanta Ga., a few days since, his first visit since he burnt it. No demonstration of any kind.

Great alarm prevails in Russia on account of the spread of the plague. Physician to the Czar recommends that Russian towns be burnt to suppress the plague.

Restrictions will be placed in England on the shipment of American cattle to that country, on account of the cattle disease reported as prevailing in this country.

Richard Henry Dana, the poet, is dead, aged 93.

The Raleigh *Observer* of the 30th announces the retirement of Col. W. L. Saunders from its editorial staff. He has been one of its editors and proprietors since the paper was founded.

Rev. Mr. Pelletier, a Catholic Priest of New York, fell dead, while marrying a couple on the 29th of January.

In the Forty-sixth Congress the Republican side of the Senate will be mentally and morally, as well as numerically, weaker than it has been for a score of years, while the Democratic side will be stronger in the same proportion than it has been since the day when the Democracy fell into the arms of secession. Thurman, Bayard, Wallace, Kernan, Pendleton, Voorhees, McDonald, Hampton, Hill, Gordon, Vance, will find only an Edmunds as the peer of any of them in the heavy artillery of debate, and Blain about the only foeman fit to cope with them in the use of the lighter and keener weapons of parliamentary warfare.—*Observer.*

FOR SALE.—Half interest in the Concord *Sun*, to a competent man. Material are almost entirely new, and the paper has a large circulation in the counties of Cabarrus, Mecklenburg, Iredell, Rowan, Stanly, Montgomery and Union.

Sitting Bull.

Sitting Bull, the great Indian Chief, proposes to surrender to the United States, and sends this message to the President:

"Once I was strong and brave and my people had hearts of iron, but now I am a coward and will fight no more forever. My people are cold and hungry, my women are sick and my children are freezing. I will do as the Great Father wishes. I will give my guns and ponies into his hands. My arrows are broken and my war paint thrown to the winds."

We are sorry for the poor Indians, and never think of them without shame for our managers of them. Congress will turn the Indians over to the Army, and then Sheridan will finish up the work, the Government has so long had in contemplation, their extermination.

State News.

THE RIDINGS OF THE JUDGES.—It is now settled that the Judge of the 1st District will ride the 2nd, and so in regular order to the Judge of the 9th District who rides the first. One Judge can only ride the same District once in four years.

Sixteen counties, to-wit: Beaufort, Bladen, Carteret, Duplin, Edgecombe, Gaston, Halifax, Jackson, Johnston, Macon, Pitt, Madison, Mecklenburg, Surry, Warren and Yadkin, failed to make proper returns of farm products to the Commissioner of Agriculture as required by law.

From March 12th, 1877, to the 1st January, 1879, our State bought 46,474 tons of foreign manures. At $40 per ton, which we regard a low estimate we spent in this way $1,858,960. This is enriching "over the left."

We can safely assert that nothing equals Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for all cases of Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, etc. Price 25 cents a bottle.

OUTSIDE LUNATICS.—During the month of January there was paid out of the State Treasury the sum of $20,459 for the support of lunatics in various counties of the State. This sum was paid upon warrants drawn by the counties.—*Raleigh News.*

PARDONED.—Louis Weill, convicted at Spring term, 1877, of Union Superior Court, of manslaughter, and sentenced to the Penitentiary for ten yeas, has been pardoned by the Governor. We copy the Governor's indorsement in full as it is alike creditable to his consideration and the Jewish people "Recommended by Judge McKoy, Solicitor Pemberton and a large number of the citizens of Wilmington, Richmond and Union. The case was one of manslaughter not aggravated, and I take pleasure in saying that I sign the pardon in part recognition of the good and law-abiding character of our Jewish citizens, this being the first serious case ever brought to my notice on the part of any of that people."—*Raleigh Observer.*

ASHE COUNTY WEATHER.—The late cold snap was very severe in Ashe county. Business and work of all kinds was stopped. Mr. Conley tells the Charlotte *Observer* that there have been ice gorges in New River which were suggestive of scenes in Greenland. The stream was first frozen over with ice several inches thick; this would be broken and forced down the river by the current and form dams, which when broken again would cause a terrible overflow and freshet. Many of the trees along the banks of the stream had been barked and otherwise injured to such an extent that they would die. He also said that many fish in the stream had been killed by being mashed between the ice. The meadows and low places along the stream were covered with vast banks of ice which were still lying there in as solid a state as when the bank was first formed. He said that the ice in a meadow of four or five acres near his house, was from four or five feet thick — up to the top of the fence; that the whole area was covered to this depth. An important and much traveled road up the river was so blocked up that it could not be traveled for a month, even on horseback; the mail carrier had to travel sixteen miles around to get seven miles through.

Mr. Cowles described the sound of the breaking of one of these ice gorges as similar to that of thunder; it could be heard for miles around.

The *Press* tells that Mr. P. C. Hall, of Hickory, standing with a party on the depot platform last Sunday got behind a bale of cotton to keep off the draft while he lit a cigar. The match touched the cotton and in a moment the fire flashed all over the bale. With assistance, however, he seperated the bale from forty others standing on the platform, and it was extinguished before much damage was done.

A gentleman informed a reporter yesterday that on Haw river persons were destroying great numbers of fish by the explosion of charges of dynamite in the river. The mode of procedure is to bait a portion of the river so as to lure the fish thereto, and under the bait to put a cartridge of dynamite, which is one of the most powerful explosives known. When the fish are gathered together, the cartridge is exploded, and the force of the concussion kills all the fish, both great and small. These arise to the surface and are taken. This mode of killing fish is reprehensible, as all are killed, the old fish and the fry, and it should be put a stop to.—*News.*

The healthy growth of the baby is dependent upon its freedom from the pernicious effects of opium. Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup is the best remedy known for the diseases of early childhood.

THE COLOSSAL BRONZE STATUTE OF VICTORY which stands in the Park, at Lowell, before the tomb of the first soldiers that fell in the revolution, is a lasting and beautiful tribute of art. It is one of the first objects sought by strangers visiting our sister city, which indeed many visit purposely to see this elegant object of high art. It was obtainey from the King of Bavaria by Dr. J. C. Ayer, to whom His Majesty was especially gracious in acknowledgment of what his remedies are reputed to have done for the suffering sick. It was donated by the Doctor to the City of Lowell as a permanent and speaking emblem of the victories both of Science and Arms.—*Hagerstown (Md.) Press.*

Salisbury *Watchman*: Henry Corriher, of Rowan county, was born, August 25, 1782, near Reading, Pa., and died in Rowan county, N. C., January 24th, 1879 aged 96 years 4 months and 29 days; leaving a widow 84 years old, and had 12 children, 59 grand children, 47 great-grand children, and 2 great-great-grand children.

Messrs. N. S. Higgins, S. M. Woodward, Joseph Cope and E. H. Cope, all of Pennsylvania, have purchased the O;Neal and Snyder gold mine, in Rowan county, for $6,000; also the Trexler mines, and are pushing ahead energetically, erecting stamp mills and other machinery to extract the precious metal. —*Watchman.*

CHAPEL HILL.—The following persons have been elected by the present session of the Legislature Trustees of the N. C. University to fill vacancies caused by death and expiration of terms: A M Lewis, of Wake, David A Long of Alamance, Geo. Williamson of Caswell, Mills L Eure, of Gates, Wm. T Faircloth of Wayne, J A Gilmer, of Guilford, Jno. W Graham, of Orange, James M Leach, of Davidson, F M Johnson, of Dare, W. J Yates, of Mecklenburg, Ralph P Buxton, of Cumberland, John Manning, of Chatham, Noah P Foard, of Surry, R R Bridgers, of Edgecombe, R B Peebles, of Northampton, D P McEachern of Robeson, Geo. Davis, of New Hanover, Jas. L Robinson, of Macon, Eugene Grissom, of Wake, A H Merritt, of Chatham, R H Battle, of Wake, Rev. A D Betts, of N C Conference.

The State Legislature.

ABSTRACT OF PROCEEDINGS.

In SENATE, Tuesday Jan. 28, Bills for the relief of Sheriffs and tax-collectors was tabled.

REPORTS OF OFFICIALS.

Under the Senate resolution requesting the State officials to report amount of fees received during the past two years, several reports were handed in.

THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

reported that he had not received a single fee since he was inducted into office two years ago.

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL REPORTED:

Whole amount received	$3,360
Paid out of his pocket for clerk hire	514
	$2,846

THE AUDITOR REPORTED:

Fees in entries of vacant land	$ 22 30
Salaries	1,250 00
Additional clerk hire allowed him.	600 00
Salary of chief clerk	1,000 00
	$2,872 30

THE TREASURER

reported that all fees would not exceed $40. He said to the reporter he would give any man $50 that would do the work for which he had received $40.

MESSAGE FROM THE GOVERNOR,

who reported that $17,741,52½ had been realized on property sold towards building the Governor's mansion. The message was transmitted to the House with a request to print.

In the HOUSE, bill to make the carrying of deadly weapons a misdemeanor was referred to the committee on Judiciary. And a bill to reduce the fees of county officers, to the committee on Salaries and Fees.

Bill to prevent discrimination in freights was amended to extend to steamboats, and passed third reading.

A message was received from the Goyerner tendering his resignation to take effect Feb. 5th.

In the SENATE, Wednesday, bill to simplify bills of indictments in certain cases, and to punish the shooting of cattle and live stock were appropriately referred.

Bill concerning civil actions for the recovery of debts, passed final reading.

Senate bill to abolish the tax fees of attorneys charged in bills of cost in civil suits, which was referred to the Judiciary committee, reported it back with a recommendation that it do not pass.

Citizens of Unity Township, Rowan county, petition for and others against a stock law. Citizens of Rowan also want the school fund raised from 80 cts. to $1.

Bills were introduced to protect sheep and raise money for the support of public schools. Also to extend the powers of mayors in all civil cases. To organize sub-agencies of the agricultural department in the various counties. For the relief of Wilkes jurors, setting apart a fund of $1,200 for their pay, passed.

The subject of the appointment of a code commissioner to revise the laws of the State, failed to pass, but will come up again upon a motion to reconsider.

In SENATE, on Thursday, another bill to prevent unjust discrimination or extortion in Railroad freights.

Resolution, concerning the free navigation of Cape Fear river, asking our member in Congress to use their influence to make Cape Fear river free and navigable and also to make Fayetteville a port of entry. Passed its third reading.

Bill on sale of intoxicating liquors—no person to sell liquor within one mile of any church or academy in the State, outside of incorporated towns. This bill called out a lengthy debate, and was indefinitely postponed.

REPORT OF SECRETARY OF STATE.

In accordance with a resolution of the Senate, Major Englehard made a report of the total fees and emoluments of his office for the years 1877 and 1878. They foot up for 1877 $3,059,70, and for 1878 $2,902,00. The Secretary of State's salary is $1,000 per annum.

In the HOUSE, a bill to empower the people of different sections to vote on the stock law. Also to abolish the office of County Commissioners in counties where Inferior Courts are established. Also bill to provide for the working of roads by taxation. Bill to establish a Normal School at Trinity College. To exempt ministers from paying poll tax, working on roads, and serving on juries.

Bill to amend the constitution in relation to punishment (puts up whipping post) was read a second time. Mr. Blaisdell moved that the bill be indefinitely postponed. The yeas and nays were ordered on demand of Mr. Dunn, and the motion prevailed. Yeas 54, nays 45.

Bill to amend the charter of the Mt. Airy Railroad was read the third time and discussed briefly by Messrs. Vaughn Ford, Carter of Buncombe and Norment, and passed third time.

In SENATE, Friday, among similar other petitions, Mr. Scales, from the ladies and gentlemen of Danbury, Stokes county, against the repeal of the liquor law at that place. Propositions and Grievances.

Bill for the relief of Sheriffs and tax collectors passed final reading. Bill defining the jurisdiction of Superior Court Judges passed.

Bill to legalize the acts of the Board of County Commissioners of Wilkes county. Passed final reading.

In the HOUSE, a resolution was presented by Mr. Brown, of Yadkin, in favor of a reduction of salaries and fees. Bill to prevent the reckless destruction of fish in the streams of the State. Bill to stop the collection of debts for twelve months. Bill to regulate the interest by fixing the rate at six per cent did not pass.

In SENATE, Saturday, a message was received from the House refusing to concur in the Senate substitute to H. B. 200, for the relief of sheriffs and tax collectors.

Mr. Henderson moved that the Senate recede from its substitute. Adopted.

The bill as finaly passed both Houses, extends the time for the sheriffs and tax collectors to collection of taxes to the 31st of Dec. 1879, and goes back to the year 1874, inclusive.

Bill to punish magistrates, sheriffs, constables, attorneys and other officers for abusing their trust. To punish adulterers; to provide for the payment of the State debt; to revise and amend the charter of Winston; for the protection of political meetings from being disturbed by drunkness and rows. Bill for the punishment of incest, passed final reading.

In the HOUSE, bill to exempt school teachers from working on public roads. Bill to amend the charter of the W. N. C. C. R. R., for the construction of a second division from Winston to Patterson in Caldwell county, passed the third reading.

A message was received from the Governor, transmitting a copy of Resolutions of the Legislature of Alabama, in reference to the prevention of exercise of jurisdiction by courts of the U. S. over corporations in the States, requesting representatives in Bongress to secure a law on the subject. The papers in the matter were, on motion of Mr. Carter, of Buncombe, sent to Senate, with a proposition to raise a joint committee to consider the matter

Bill to aid in the construction of the Chester, Lenoir, Caldwell and Watauga Narrow Guage railways, by granting each 100 convicts, in addition ot the 50 before allowed, passed its readings.

In SENATE, Monday, by Mr. Everett, to ascertain the indebtness of the different towns of the State, and to determine the statue of limitation.

By Mr. Dillard, a resolution of inquiry in regard to the support of the insane outside of the Asylum, and requesting the committee on the Insane Asylum to look into the matter.

By Mr. Williamson, to abolish private seals and provide a short form for deeds.

By Mr. Scales, to prevent the exclusion of evidence on the trial of civil actions and special proceedings.

By Mr. Williamson, to settle disputes and lighten the expense of litigation.

Bill for the relief of prisoners confined in the common jails—provides for heating of the jails and other comforts—passed third reading.

In the HOUSE, bill to make the killing of live stock by railroads indictable. Makes conductors and engineers liable to indictment for killing stock unless the railroad pays for the same. It was passed.

Bill to secure to litigants in courts of Justices of the Peace a speedy triol. Forbids the Justice to continue a cause more than once. Passed.

Bill to allow the Winston, Salem and Mooresville railroad company to use the convict labor of counties through which it passes and to get 150 from the penitentiary. The bill was amended so as to provide that the convicts should not be taken from any road in which the State has an interest, and passed.

The Russian Plague.

THE PANIC INCREDIBLE—THE STORY OF ITS ORIGIN—THE MEANS BEING TAKEN TO PREVENT ITS SPREAD.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The British *Medical Journal* publishes the following:

"The *Medicacherwigical Central Blatt*, of January 25th states the origin of the pestilence in Russia as follows:

"A Cossack returning from the war to Wetolianka, brought his lady-love a shawl, probably a part of his spoil. The girl wore it two days and sickened, with all the symptons of the plague and died. During the following four days the other members of the family sickened and died. The disease spread rapidly, but the local authorites did not pay any attention to it till half the inhabitants of the village had died and those remaining alive were unable to bury the victims. The epidemic had assumed serious dimensions by the 25th of November, but the government was only informed of it, officially on the 11th of December. Ten days further of time elasped before any systematic or energetic means were taken for preventing it from spreading further. The authorities have since exerted themselves to the utmost to make up for lost time.

As the only way of arresting the disease is to prevent all communications between the districts where it reigns and others which are infected, a double cordon is being formed, firstly, in the town and villages, shutting off the streets where the plague reigns, from the rest, and secondly, by surrounding the places with troops so that nobody is allowed to pass in or out. Quarantines also are being instituted on the borders of the infected government, and are strictly watched. The population is said to take an active part in preventing the crossing of the sanitary line. A great drawback is a want of medical men.—The panic in Russia is almost incredible. Every class and station in life have petitioned for an entire cessation of all intercourse, even postal communication, between the east of Russia and the Volga. Letters sent from Astrachan and Zaritzin are not received by the persons to whom they are addressed.—Some people even refuse to take paper money fearing the germ of the infection might be communicated through it."

The *Times* correspondent at Berlin says Russian railway cars are no longer admitted to German territory. The export of grain from Poland will suffer severely from this restriction. The Roumanian government is discussing the expediency of prohibiting the transit of Russian provisions sent to victual the Balkan army. The Russian sanitary commission has proposed to shut off the Volga line from all intercourse with western Russia, and permit communication only under quarantine.

An Astonishing Fact.

A large portion of the American people are to-day dying from the effects of Dyspepsia or disordered liver. The result of these diseases upon the masses of intelligent and valuable people is most alarming, making life actually a burden instead of a pleasant existence of enjoyment and usefulness as it ought to be. There is no good reason for this, if you will only throw aside prejudice and skepticism, take the advice of Druggists and your friends, and try one bottle of Green's August Flower. Your speedy relief is certain. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been given away to try its virtues, with satisfactory results in every case. You can buy a sample bottle for 10 cents. Three doses will relieve the worst case. Positively sold by all Druggists on the Western Continent

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Comic and Sentimental!

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SKATES! SKATES!!

TWO PAIR OF SKATES are offered for sale. One pair Peck & Snyder's Iron Toe-Clamp and Heel-Plates. The others new style wooden pattern.

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This standard article is compounded with the greatest care.

Its effects are as wonderful and as satisfactory as ever.

It restores gray or faded hair to its youthful color.

It removes all eruptions, itching and dandruff. It gives the head a cooling, soothing sensation of great comfort, and the scalp by its use becomes white and clean.

By its tonic properties it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, preventing baldness, and making the hair grow thick and strong.

As a dressing, nothing has been found so effectual or desirable.

A. A. Hayes, M.D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."

Price, One Dollar.

Buckingham's Dye

FOR THE WHISKERS.

This elegant preparation may be relied on to change the color of the beard from gray or any other undesirable shade, to brown or black, at discretion. It is easily applied, being in one preparation, and quickly and effectually produces a permanent color, which will neither rub nor wash off.

Manufactured by R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N.H.

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The Flower and Vegetable Garden, 175 Pages, Six Colored Plates and many hundred Engravings. For 50 cents in paper covers; $1.00 in elegant cloth. In German or English.

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NORTH CAROLINA

PRESBYTERIAN.

This organ of the North Carolina Presbyterians, always orthodox and ably edited, has been improved by the addition of departments of Church and General Religious Intelligence. Its Family and Miscellaneous reading is both attractive and instructive. An epitome of Secular News is furnished every week. The ablest writers write for it, among whom are the following: Rev. Drs. Drury Lacy, J. Henry Smith, J. B. Adger and A. W. Miller, Rev. Messrs. Jos. M. Atkinson, E. M. Harding, D. E. Jordan, J. Rumple, E F Rockwell, P H Dalton, L C Vass, H G Hill, W S Lacy, W W Pharr, F H Johnston, P T Penick, R Z Johnston, S H Chester, J W Primrose, S M Smith, A F Dickson, J M Wharney, Prof. J R Blake, Mrs. Cornelia Phillips Spencer, Mrs. Mary Ayer Miller ("Lulon") Mrs. H M Irwin, and many others.

Price $2.05 a year. Send for Premium List. Address, JOHN McLAURIN, Editor and Proprietor, Wilmington, N. C.

NOTICE.

Forsyth County,

Having qualified as Administrator *de bonis non* on the estate of Thomas Campbell on the 17th day of January, 1879, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate of said Thomas Campbell, to make immediate payment and settlement, or the claims will be put into the hands of an officer for collection; and all persons having claims against said estate will present them for payment within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

N. S. COOK,
Public Adm. of Forsyth County.
January 23rd, 1879.—no.4.

FOR SALE,

ONE BUREAU, ONE BOOKCASE, ONE WARDROBE, ONE STOVE.

Can be seen at the residence of Mr. C. L. Rights. Terms made known on applying to Mr. T. F. Crist.

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DAISY THORNTON,
By Mrs. Holmes.
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BACK TO THE OLD HOUSE.
COUSIN POLLY'S GOLD MINE,
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NORTH CAROLINA
HAND BOOK,

a guide for

Justices of the Peace, Clerks, Sheriffs, Registers, Coroner, Constables and other County Officers; including the

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BY A MEMBER OF THE RALEIGH BAR.

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THANKFUL for the liberal patronage heretofore received, we take pleasure in announcing that our stock of

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GIFT BOOKS,

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WRITING DESKS, WORK BOXES,
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&c., &c., &c., &c.

We will use our best endeavors to please all who may favor us with a call.

Very respectfully,
L. V. & E. T. BLUM.

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A BLACKSMITH, immediately. Apply to the undersigned. W. F. SWAIM.
Farmington, Davie co., N. C. tf. Oct. 3.

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TOILET SOAP—A mild form of POND'S EXTRACT, for *bathing* and *softening the skin, &c.*

OINTMENT—For *Burns, Scalds, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Eruption, Chapped Hands, &c.*

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all descriptions executed with neatness and dispatch at the PRESS OFFICE.

CHROMOS Cheap, Cheaper, Cheapes At the BOOKSTORE

The People's Press.

Post Office Directory.

Salem, N. C. Post Office Arrangements. Office hours from 7 o'clock, A. M., to 6 P. M., during the week, and on Sunday from 7 to 8 A. M.

TIME OF ARRIVAL AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

RAILROAD, from Greensboro to Salem closes every day, except Sunday at 4.45, p. m. Due every day, except Sunday, by 10:50 p. m.

MOUNT AIRY, via Winston, Old Town, Bethania, Five Forks, Dalton, Pilot Mountain, Flat Shoals and Tom's Creek. Closes every day except Sunday, at 6:30, a. m. Due every day except Sunday, at 6, p. m.

DANBURY, via Winston, Flat Branch, Sedge Garden, Germanton and Walnut Cove. Closes every day except Sunday at 6:30, a. m. Due every day, except Sunday by 5, p. m.

HUNTSVILLE, via Lewisville and Panther Creek. Closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6:30, a. m. Due Tuesday, Thursday and Saturdayby 10, a. m.

RICHMOND HILL, via Mount Tabor, Vienna, Red Plains and East Bend. Closes Monday and Friday at 6:30 a. m. Due Tuesday and Saturday by 2, p. m.

FULTON, via Friedberg. Advance and Ebnaville, closes every Friday, at 6:30, A. M. Due every Saturday, by 8, A. M.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

LOCAL ITEMS.

EGGS are worth 12 cents a dozen.

FIFTEEN prisoners are in the county jail.

CHICKENS, frying size, 15 cents, the market price.

OUR merchants are shipping eggs in large quantities.

TRINITY COLLEGE commencement, opens on the 10th of June.

A. V. STOLTZ has been appointed a Deputy Sheriff of the county.

THE Inferior Court of Forsyth opens on Monday.

READING CLUB MEETING on Friday evening.

NORTHERN apples are shipped here. Our crop was a failure last year.

THERE are three well stocked livery stables in the towns.

FEBRUARY came in Saturday blustering and cold.

SIX deer yet remain in the Academy park. Two were slaughtered last week.

NET PROCEEDS. — Thorne's Comedy Company's benefit for Winston Light Infantry, amounted to some $40.

OUR Silver Cornets were out making some good music on Cherry Street, Monday night.

THORNE'S Comedy Company, we learn, did not meet with much success at Greensboro.

Messrs. Watson, Glenn and Buxton attended the Supreme Court at Raleigh, the past week.

HOME AGAIN.—Lieut. H. A. Lemly stationed at Woodsworth, N. Y., with family, are here, on a visit.

THE CENTRAL HOTEL has been closed and will be sold at public acction in March.

BUSINESS.—One of our mercantile establishments shipped over nine thousand pounds of butter last week.

FINE looking droves of horses and cattle passed through town Monday and Tuesday.

TWO fine building lots on Marshall street, will be sold at the Court House door in Winston, the 12th prox.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER'S COURT met Monday, but nothing of importance was transacted.

Miss MARY ZEVELY has returned home after a pleasant visit to Mrs. Payne, of Greensboro, N. C.

A THREE cent stamp will forward to R. Delape, Friedberg, N. C., a letter withheld for postage at the Salem Postoffice.

WATCH.—Sam Taylor, the regular night-watch at the Depot is on the sick list, and Jesse Bessent is keeping vigil for a time.

22 more souls made happy during the month of January, by the issuing of 11 marriage licenses by the Register of Deeds.

TO MINISTERS,—We cheerfully give space in our local columns to church notices and matters of church interest.

SEVERAL wagon loads of apples from across the mountains, were on the streets Saturday, being offered at $1 and $1.25 a bushel.

Capt FLOURNOY, conductor on our Railroad, has by a recent appointment also been made the express messenger on the route.

LAW.—The law lectures of the late Richmond M. Pearson, compiled by Benj. F Long, will soon appear in print.

CHEW Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco.

RELIGIOUS.—Rev. E. Rondthaler has been delivering very interesting Sunday evening discourses upon the 7 ancient cities of Asia Minor, mentioned in the Scriptures.

WILD GEESE.— We saw two fine specimen of these geese in town, Monday. They are the property of Rev. Virgil Wilson, and intended for his poultry yard.

SUNDAY SCHOOL.—A Sabbath School has recently been opened West of town near the "Old Groceries," by some kindly disposed persons of that vicinity.

ILL.—Mr. Wilson, of Cincinnati, Ohio, agent for Lewis Cook's light vehicles, is recovering from a severe attack of pneumonia.

RETURNED.—Mr. Burch, of the Winston bookstore, returned home Saturday. He bid adieu to Burr's panorama, with which he was travelling, at Hickory.

PARTY.—The Pythian Lodge of this place will celebrate its 4th anniversary on Wednesday the 19th inst., by a social party. The order, though young in years, has been very prosperous and has a good membership.

CHAPEL HILL.—J. M. Leach, Jr., of Lexington, has been elected chief marshal at the ensuing Chapel Hill commencement. Among the ball managers we notice D. N. Dalton, Jr.

TRINITY.—Hon. Samuel J. Tilden is expected to attend and deliver an address, at Trinity College Commencement, in June.

A. C. GREEN has taken charge of Davidson High School at Teaguetown, commencing February 3rd, with the prospect of a good school.

TOBACCO has been coming in during the past week more freely than any time since the New Year. Reference to our market report give the correct quotations and the quality that brings the producer the most money.

EAST BEND, N. C., Feb. 3rd, 1879.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—On last Saturday, W. A. Poindexter, of Richmond Hill, Ore Bank township, killed his mammoth hog, "Billy." (Conny stock.) which weighed 571 pounds nett.

VISIT. — Col. Fagg, postmaster at Asheville, returning from a trip to Washington, passed through our town last week. He has a daughter in the Academy.

MASONIC.—Chapter R. A. M., meet the first and third Saturday night in every month.

H. T. BAHNSON, H. P.
C. S. HAUSER, Sec'y.

NOTICE G. T.—All members of the Independent Order of Good Templars are requested to attend the regular meeting of the Lodge this, Thursday evening, as business of importance will transacted.

LARGE DONATION. — The Moravian Church at this place, by the aid of societies and collections, contributed over two hundred dollars, during the month of January, to the Foreign Mission cause.

AGENT.—L. B. Waller left Monday evening, with Capt. Reich's patent churn, acting as traveling agent. He went towards Raleigh. Mr. Waller also carried with him specimens of Mr. Ocar's manufacture, of which also, he is agent.

FAILED TO GO.—A party was made up for a trip to Greensboro, Saturday evening, to hear the Mendelssohn Boston Quintette Club, billed for that place, but as satisfactory arrangements could not be made with the Railroad, did no go.

LIBRARY.—Salem Moravian S. School having a catalogue printed of books in the library, comprising as large and miscellaneous collection as can be found in any Sabbath School in the State. The library contains some 900 volumes.

REPAIRING.—Wm. Murray, of Winston, has removed his watch-repairing shop to W. T. Vogler's former stand, in Salem. If you want your time piece righted give him a call.

NEW CHURCH.—Rev. R. W. Crews has been elected pastor of the new Baptist church at Farmington, Davie county, and there is a proposition on foot to erect a neat and comfortable place of worship at an early day.

ANCIENT.—C. E. SHORE has a copper coin in his possession coined in 1721.

Geo. BOOZER showed us a Spanish coin silver piece bearing date of 1760.—It, with a number of others, were plowed up in a field near Clemmonsville, some time ago.

LONG AGO. — Zach Watson, while making boards of a tree, from the old George Hege place, near town, found an iron hinge imbeded in a tree, which according to the usual method of arriving at the age of trees, was placed there about 107 years ago.

R. R.—The Charlotte *Observer* says work began last Monday week, on Salem, Winston & Mooresville Railroad. It will be pushed forward to 3rd creek station on the Western Railroad. and thence to this place.

WILD GEESE PLENTY.—Up and down the Yadkin River wild geese fly in flocks by the score. More are said to be on the wing along this water course now, than have been known for years. They are very shy, and sportsmen find it not an easy thing to approach within shooting distance.

DRAMATIC.—The Good Templars will shortly render the entertaining and effective drama "A Drunkard's Warning," and a laughable farce entitled "Hans Von Smash." The Lodge have purchased a handsome regalia and will give this proposed entertainment to raise funds to assist in the payment of the same.

REVENUE.—3 head of horses, 2 wagons, two sets harness, and 110 gallons of whiskey, property of W. W. Welch, Moses Teague, and Daniel Thornbury, forfeited under sec. 3460 U. S. Revised Statutes will be exposed for sale, on the 15th at the Collector's office.

SMITH, of the Winston Drug Store, is constantly adding something new to his large and handsome stock. Every day or so he is in receipt of something, and it will pay persons to give him a call and keep themselves posted.

FLAVOR.—Spanish Clover is an excellent flavoring for home-made smoking tobacco. This plant is found in several of the town gardens and users and manufacturers of the weed should procure seed and pay some attention to its cultivation.

NOVEL.—East Lynn, many wish to read since the troupe gave the play. But the funniest part is, that while the Bookstore has it for sale, much time is lost in running around to borrow, when it only costs 10 cents. We know of one owner of the book who has had 5 applications for a loan.

CAPTURED.—Tuesday evening, Revenue officers Major Pinkam and Stipe seized 4 boxes of tobacco at the depot.—They were stamped with old stamps, and in such a good state of preservation that it took close inspection to discover the deception. The tobacco was from some up country manufacturer and bound for southern market.

CALENDARS.—Shakesperian Calendars, with appropriate quotations from Shakspear for each day in the year. **As Salem Bookstore.**

JOURNALISTIC.—We see an item going the rounds of the state papers that Nixon Clingman has accepted and is filling the position of assistant editor of the Goldsboro *Mail*. Nick has many friends here among the older boys, having attended the Boy's School of Salem years ago when A. I. Butner, Esq., had charge of the institution.

TOBACCO STATISTICS.—A worker in the weed has furnished us the following estimate of the amount of tobacco manufactured in Winston during one month of the working season:

There are 14 manufactories, averaging 18 boxes a day—252 boxes, which with 40 pounds to a box gives a total of 10.080 pounds per day. The number of working days being taken at 26, there are 262.080 pounds of tobacco manufactured per month, in Winston, during the summer months.

THE other day our friend Nat., of S. E. Allen's Hardware House, Winston, made a mis-step and started down head foremost, from the third story, through the aperture made for the new elevator. Luckily, Will Hay, who is always handy about the store, grabbed him by the heels, and pulled him back, thus preventing a *fearful leap for life*. A big scare was all the harm done to Nat., and he is now, as usual, ready to serve all with Hardware and Stoves, cheaper than ever before.

SALEM'S ANNUAL POST-OFFICE REPORT OF MONEY ORDERS ISSUED, ETC.,—To C. E. Shore we are indebted for a statement of the business of the money order department for 1878. The number of orders issued was 1,667, and amount received on the above $29,454.92, showing an increase of $3,298.52, over 1877. The amount paid on orders was $10,810.14, an increase over last year of $3,321.00. Amount of fees received on amount of orders issued, $229.85.—Amount deposited with Post-Master at Richmond, Va., $18,540.74.

WINSTON'S REPORT, — 1,536 money orders were issued from that office, by W. A. Walker, Post-Master, showing an increase of 229 orders over 1877. The total of these orders amounted to $21,472.20, or $401.08 less than for 1877.—The fees upon orders issued shows $195.40. The amount paid in orders drawn on Winston was $17,449.44, being an increase over 1877 of $12,760.97.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING IN THE POST OFFICE AT SALEM, N. C., Febauary 1st, 1879.

Brown & Sons, Franklin Ball, Joseph M. Crews, James R. Crockett, J. C. Carpenter, Miss Sarah Craver, Mrs. Chaney Campbell, S. W. Eavans, John Everrett, Mrs. Julia Ann Flourney, Mrs. Charlotte Hynes, William Harris, J. C. Henderson, Henry F. Hine, W. F. Jones, Miss Elizabeth Kenedy, (care of Susan Kenedy(Miss Martitia Parnell, N. F. Pennell, J. F. Pardue, John Rominger, Mrs. M. B. Reid, W. E. Roberds, R. W. Zimmerman & Co.

H. W SHORE P M.

BOX PAPERS.—More of those fine, popular Papeteries at the **Salem Bookstore.**

GOOD TEMPLARS.—This order is in a very flourishing condition, and the regular meetings of the lodge are well attended. The roll book contains the names of 130 members in good standing and we are pleased to learn there are very few "backsliders." We publish here also a list of the officers elected at their last meeting:

W. C. V.—W. W. Workman.
W. R. H. S.—Miss Annie Hollister.
W. L. H. S.—Miss Ida Crumpler.
W. V. T.—Mrs. R. C. Barham.
W. R. S.—J. M. Seddan.
W. A. S.—Miss Emma Keith.
W. F. S.—W. F. Whitesel.
W. C.—Miss Mollie White.
W. Marshal.—F. N. Cook.
W. D. M.—Miss Amanda Parten.
W. Chaplin.—J. A. Bowles.
W. I. G.—J. M. Hodgin.
W. O. G.—W. A. Bevel.

"Gorden's March," by Prof. Henry Schoeller, of Dalton, Ga., and dedicated to Gen. John B. Gordon, "The Man of the 12th of May, 1864," is just received from the enterprising publishers. Judges pronounce it a supreh piece of music. Brass Bands are already playing it and it will soon be heard from thousands of pianos through the South. Sold by all music dealers, or send 40 cts. to the publishers, Ludden & Bates, Savannah, Ga.

SUPREME COURT. — Friday, appeals from the 7th District were called as follows:

Loton Dean and wife, vs. W. W. Ragsdale, from Forsyth, J. W. McCorkle appearing for plaintiff and Watson and Glenn for defendant. Justice Dillard having been counsel in the Court below, he did not sit at the hearing of this case.

State vs. Jno. Cooly from Yadkin, argued by A. & G. Kenan for State, no counsel for defendant.

State vs. A. A. Smith from Yadkin, A. & G. Kenan appearing for State, no counsel for defendant.

P. H. Hoover vs. B. H. Palmer, from Davidson, argued by W. H. Pinnix and Shipp and Bailey for plaintiff, and A W. Tourgee, Merrimon, Fuller and Ashe, for defendant.

SATURDAY.—W. W. McCanless vs. H. W. Reynolds from Davidson, left open, J. M. Clement and M. H. Pinnix for the plaintiff, and J. M. McCorkle and Watson and Glenn for the defendant.

Fountain Flynt, adm'r. vs. T. H. Bodenhammer from Forsyth, argued by Watson and Glenn for plaintiff, and J. M. McCorkle and J. M. Clement for defendant.

M. E. Walker vs. W. P. Dicks from Forsyth, argued by J. M. McCorkle for the plaintiff, and Watson and Glenn for Defendant.

MARRIED.

At the Church of the Ascension, Washington City, by Rev. Dr. Elliot, assisted by Rev. Dr. Townsend, Mr. BARTRAM ZEVELY, son of Hon. A. N. Zevely, to Miss NINA EVANS, daughter of Dr. A. H Evans,—all of Washington City.

THE MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY
PATTERSON & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS.

PRODUCE.

Wheat, $1.00 to $1.10; Corn, 40 to 45; Rye, 50 to 00; Oats, 30; Flaxseed, 85; Feathers, (new) 40; Butter 10 to 12½; Eggs, 12; Beeswax, 22; Flour, $2 50 to 0 65; Meal, perlb., 1¼c.; Pork, 5 to 6; Lard, 8; Peas, 50; Raw Cotton, 8; Wool, 30 a 35; Green Apples, 50 a 1.00; Chestnuts, $1.75; Tallow, 7.

STAPLE GOODS.

Sugars, Brown 7½ to 8¼; White, 10 to 12; Coffees, Rio, 12½ to 18; Extra Fancy, 20; Yarns, 85; Sheeting 6 to 7; Plaids, 8¼ to 0; Soda, 5; Kerosene Oil, per gallon, 18; Syrup, per gallon, 25; Salt, per sack, $1 10, $1 15, $1 25, $2 00. Sole Leather, 20 to 23.

The above represents wholesale prices. Retail prices are higher, except for salt.

Winston Tobacco Market.

REPORTED BY A. B. GORRELL
WINSTON N. C., Feb. 5, 1879.

NEW CROP.

Lugs, Green	$1 50 to	$2 00
" Com	2 25 to	3 00
" Good Red	3 00 to	4 00
" Bright com	3 50 to	4 50
" " good	5 00 to	7 50
" " fine	8 00 to	10 00
" " fancy	12 50 to	16 00
Leaf Common	3 00 to	4 00
" Red	5 00 to	8 00
" Common Bright	4 00 to	5 00
Bright thin leaf	10 00 to	14 00
" Good	7 00 to	10 00
Wrappers, Good Red	10 00 to	15 00
" Common Bright	12 00 to	16 00
" Good and Colory	20 00 to	25 00
" Fine and Waxy	30 00 to	45 00
" Fancy	50 00 to	66 00
Mahogany as per quality	18 00 to	40 00

During the last week the sales were much fuller than any week since the begining of the new year.

There was more animation in bidding and especially on all bright and good waxy tobaccos.

The inquiry is for fine and fancy wrappers and smokers—*these grades are selling high.*

CHARLOTTE, Feb. 2.-Flour $2 50 a $2 60. Wheat 90. Corn 45 a 48. Oats 35 a 40. Bacon 5½ a 6. Potatoes, 30 a 62.

FAYETTEVILLE, Feb. 2 --Bacon 7 a 10. Apple Brandy $2 25. Flour $4 75 a $5 25. Corn 70 a 72. Wheat 90 a $1 00. Lard, 9 a 10. Potatoes, 35 a 40. Whisky $2 00.

NEW YORK Feb. 2.-Flour 4 00 a 4 75. Wheat 1 00 a $1 02. Corn 45 a 48. Oats 27 a 28.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 2.—Wheat $100 a $1 07. Corn 46 a 47. Oats 28 a 31. Flour $3 00 a $3 25. Bacon. 3¼ a 4¼.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 2.—Wheat 90 a 98 Corn 32 a 33. Oats 25 a 27. Bacon 3¼ a 4¼.

Floral Autograph Album.

A new and beautiful album, richly illustrated with choice Wreaths and Bouquets of Flowers. The most elegant Birthday Present ever offered at
BLUM'S BOOKSTORE

HAY! HAY!! HAY!!!—No. 1 clean hay for sale. Enquire at the BOOKSTORE.

New Advertisements.

A GREAT OFFER FOR HOLIDAYS!!!

We will during the HOLIDAYS dispose of **100** PIANOS & ORGANS, at EXTRAORDINARY LOW prices for cash. SPLENDID ORGANS 2 3-5 sets of reeds $65, 3 sets with Sub Base and Coupler $80, 2 sets $50, 1 set $40, 1 set $35. 7 Octave *all* ROSEWOOD PIANOS $130, 7 1-3 do $140, warranted for SIX years. AGENTS WANTED. Illustrated Catalogues Mailed. Music at half price. HORACE WATERS & SONS, Manufacturers and Dealers, 40 E. 14th St., N. Y.

EMINENT DR. H. R. WALTON
Annapolis, Md., Writes:

Colden's **Liebig's Liquid Extract of Beef** is a most excellent preparation. It is par excellence. Superior to Cod Liver Oil or anything I have ever used in wasted or impaired constitutions, and an excellent preventive of Malarial diseases. Sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

OIL SASSAFRAS and PENNYROYAL

Of prime quality, bought in any quantity, for cash on delivery, free of brokerage, commissions, or storage expenses, by

Dodge & Olcott,
IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS OF
DRUGS, ESSENTIAL OILS, &C.,
88 William Street. - New York.

GEO. C. WARE,
Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in
PURE APPLE CIDER
—AND—
CIDER VINEGAR.
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer of
E. R. CONDIT'S TABLE SAUCE.
287 to 295 W. Third St., Cincinnati, O.

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST **NAVY Tobacco**

Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for fine chewing qualities and excellence and lasting character of sweetening and flavoring. The best tobacco ever made. As our style is counterfeited on inferior goods, see that Jackson's *Best* is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample. P. J. JACKSON & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.

KERNERSVILLE ACADEMY,
KERNERSVILLE,
FORSYTH CO., N. C.

The next term of 20 weeks will begin January 15th, 1879.

Classes 1st and 2nd, Primary, $1.00 to $1.50 per month.

First Grammar, $2.00; Intermediate English, $2.50 per month.

Advanced English and Mathematics, $3.00 per month.

Latin, Greek, French, each extra, $1.00 per month.

Music on Piano or Organ, $3.00 per month.

Book-keeping & Business, $5.00 per term. Hair Jewelry, Flowers, and many other accomplishments low.

Board, $7.00 to $9.00 per month.

The School has a Department for Males and one for Females. Discipline and Management the very best.

Young men and young ladies prepared for the advanced classes in College, or for business.

Special attention given to those desiring to teach.

For further particulars apply to
REV. S. R. TRAWICK, A. M.
Jan. 9th. 1879. PRINCIPAL.

FIFTY-FIRST YAR.
THE
FARMERS' AND PLANTERS' ALMANAC
FOR THE YEAR
1879,
CONTAINING

the usual ASTRONOMICAL CALCULATIONS, carefully and correctly prepared. Interest Table. Agricultural Matter. LOTS OF FUN. Useful Receipts. Home Enterprise. Government. Public Works, Courts and Members of Congress of North Carolina. Government of the United States. Courts of South Carolina and South-Western Virginia. Rates of Postage, &c.

Last year three editions of this popular Almanac were issued.

Early orders are respectfully solicited.

FOR SALE
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
BY
L. V. & E. T. BLUM,
SALEM, N. C.

Flower Seeds
FOR SALE AT
Salem Bookstore.

NOTICE.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SALEM, located at Salem, in the State of North Carolina, is closing up its affairs. All note holders, and other creditors of said Association, are therefore hereby notified to present the notes, and other claims against the Association for payment.
W. A. LEMLY.
January 21st, 1879. 3m. *Cashier.*

EXECUTION SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION IN favor of Charles Millheiser and others, I will sell, beginning on the 8th day of February next, at PUBLIC AUCTION, at Solomon Rosenthal's, in Winston, N. C., a large stock of GOODS, consisting of Ready-Made Clothing: Hats, Boots and Shoes, Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Notions, and other merchandise, comprising the entire stock of Goods belonging to said Solomon Rosenthal, when and where due attention will be given by me.
AUGUSTUS FOGLE,
Jan. 30, 1879. 1t *Sheriff.*

A. N. ZEVELY,
[Late Assistant Post-Master General]
ATTENDS TO BUSINESS
BEFORE THE VARIOUS
Departments of Government
OFFICE 71, E. STREET.
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.
Post-Office Address, LOCK BOX
Washington City, D. C.

PRESCRIPTION FREE!
For the speedy Cure of Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood and all disorders brought on by indiscretion or excess. Any Druggist has the ingredients. Address, Dr. W. JAQUES & Co., 150 West Sixth Street, Cincinnati, O.

I. W. DURHAM,
PRACTICAL
Marble-Worker
AND DEALER IN
MONUMENTS
AND
GRAVESTONES.
WINSTON, N. C.
Write for Price List and Designs.
March 21—26-12—1 year.

INK! INK! INK!
THOMAS' CELEBRATED INK.
Best in the World.

JUST RECEIVED a lot of the above justly celebrated INKS.
BLACK, VIOLET, BLUE and CRIMSON
in stands, 4 oz., 8 oz., Pints and Quarts.
☞ The Violet Ink copies beautifully without blurring.
Will be sold LOW for CASH, at the SALEM BOOK STORE.
Salem, N. C., Oct. 10, 1878.

STOVES-STOVES-STOVES!

THE UNEDRSIGNED has the largest and most complete assortment of
COOKING STOVES
AND
HEATING STOVES
ever offered in this market and at greatly REDUCED PRICES.
Stove Pipes and Fixtures
always on hand.
ROOFING AND GUTTERING
promptly attended to. A general assortment of
TIN WARE,
Wholesale and Retail, always to be found at the "BIG COFFEE POT. Prices to suit the times.
J. E. MICKEY.
Salem, N. C., Oct. 24, 1878.

Plenty.
——)o(——
PLENTY—IRON—all sorts.
PLENTY—Nails, from 2d to 60 d.
PLENTY—Stoves, 6 kinds for Cooking.
PLENTY—Window Glass, size 8x10 to 24x48
PLENTY—Mule Shoes, 1 to 4.
PLENTY—Horse Shoes, 1 to 5.
PLENTY—Castings, little to large.
PLENTY—Bolts, from 1 to 20 inches.
PLENTY—Screws, ½ No. 2 to 3m 20.
PLENTY—Hubs, Rims and Spokes.
PLENTY—Sash, Blinds and Doors.
PLENTY—Buggy Material.
PLENTY—Tin Ware.
PLENTY—Harness Buckles.
PLENTY—Bits.
PLENTY—Ornaments.
PLENTY—Rings.
PLENTY—Wall Pulleys.
PLENTY—Well Buckets.
PLENTY—Rope.
PLENTY—Locks.
PLENTY—Tools.
PLENTY—Material for the Builder.

In short, we will try to give you at
Gray's Old Stand,
At South-East Corner of Court-House,
AT ALLEN'S CORNER,
At Hardware Store of S. E. ALLEN,
HARDWARE
A Plenty.

PRICES REDUCED
—ON—
HOLIDAY GOODS
—AT THE—
SALEM BOOKSTORE.

FOR the next TEN DAYS a choice selection of Goods suitable for PRESENTS will be sold at a small advance on cost.

We return thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage during the past few weeks, and hope to see them again.

SOMETHING NEW!

GUIDE BOOK
OF
NORTH-WESTERN
NORTH CAROLINA

CONTAINING A GENERAL DECRIPTION OF SOME TWENTY COUNTIES OF THIS SECTION OF THE STATE; SKETCHES OF THE EARLY HISTORY OF THE STATE, AND OF THE MORAVIANS, TOGETHER WITH OTHER STATISTICAL AND INTERESTING INFORMATION NOT TO BE FOUND ELSEWHERE, ETC., ETC.

PUBLISHED AND FOR SALE BY
L. V. & E. T. BLUM,
SALEM, N. C.
Price 25 Cents per Copy. By Mail 30 Cents.

DIARIES.—A few common and fine DIARIES, at the **Salem Bookstore.**

CONDENSED TIME.

North Carolina Railroad.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

Date, Jan. 5, 1879.	No. 2 Daily.	No. 4. Daily.	No. 6. Daily ex. Sun
Leave Charlotte	3 30 a m	5 05 p m	.....
" Salisbury	5 54 a m	7 19 p m	.....
" High Point	7 00 a m	10 29 p m	.....
Arrive Greensboro	7 58 a m	11 18 p m	.....
Leave Greensboro	8 00 a m	.....	11 05 p m
Arrive Hillsboro	10 16 a m	.....	2 34 a m.
" Durham	10 56 a m	.....	3 03 a m.
" Raleigh	12 30 p m	.....	7 30 a m
Leave "	2 30 p m	5 10 a m	.....
Arrive Goldsboro	5 05 p m	8 00 a m	.....

No. 2—Connects at Salisbury with W. N. C. R. R., for all points in Western North Carolina, daily except Sunday. At Greensboro with R. & D. R. R. for all points North, East and West. At Goldsboro, with W. & W. R. R. for Wilmington.

No. 4—Connects at Greensboro with R. & D. R. R. for all points North, East and West.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

Date, Jan. 5, 1879.	No. 1. Daily.	No. 3. Daily.	No. 5. Daily, ex. Sun.
Leave Goldsboro	10 10 a m	4 30 p m	.....
Arrive Raleigh	12 40 p m	10 30 p m	.....
Leave "	4 10 p m	.....	12 25 p m
Arrive Durham	5 33 p m	.....	3 54 p m
" Hillsboro	6 17 p m	.....	4 27 p m
" Greensboro	8 25 p m	.....	9 15 p m
Leave "	7 53 p m	6 47 a m	.....
Arrive High Point	9 28 p m	7 35 a m	.....
" Salisbury	10 58 p m	9 01 a m	.....
" Charlotte	1 00 a m	10 50 a m	.....

No. 1—Connects at Greensboro with Salem Branch. At Salisbury with W. N. C. R. R. daily except Sunday, for all points in Western North Carolina. At Air Line Junction with A. & C. A. L. R. R. for all points South and South-east.

No. 3—Connects at Air Line Junction with A. & C. A. L. R. R. for all points South and Southeast; at Charlotte with C., C. & A. & A. R. R. for all points South and Southwest.

SALEM BRANCH.

Leave Greensboro daily except Sunday	.....	"	"	9 10 p m
Arrive Kernersville	"	"	"	10 20 p m
Arrive Salem	"	"	"	11 10 p m
Leave Salem	"	"	"	6 00 p m
Arrive Kernersville	"	"	"	6 40 p m
Arrive Greensboro	"	"	"	8 00 p m

Connecting at Greensboro with Trains on R. & D. and N. C. Railroads.

Sleep'g Cars Without Change,

Run both ways with Trains (Nos. 1 and 2) between New York and Atlanta via Richmond, Greensboro and Charlotte, and both ways on Trains Nos. 3 and 4 between New York and Savannah via Richmond, Charlotte and Augusta.

☞ Through Tickets on sale at Greensboro, Raleigh, Goldsboro, Salisbury and Charlotte, and at all principal points South, South-west, West North and East. For Emigrant rates to Arkansas and Texas, address

J. R. MACMURDO,
Gen'l Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

Watches $3 to $7. Revolvers $2.50. Over 100 latest Novelties 25 cts to $5. Send stamp for Book on Opium Eating, to W. B. Bayne, Worthington, Greene Co., Ind.

D. R. LEAK. WILSON

WINSTON MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS!

The undersigned respectfully announce that they have opened a first-class
MARBLE & GRANITE YARD.
Where they are prepared to furnish
MARBLE HEADSTONES, MONUMEMTS TOMBSTONES, MANTELS,
&c., &c., &c.
Granite Work for Building and Garve yard purposes. All Monuments and Tombs executed in the FINEST STYLE. None employed but
SKILLED WORKMEN.
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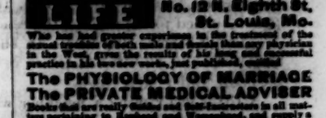

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Winston and Salem, Sept. 5, 1878. 1y.

NOTICE.

HAVING qualified as Administrators on the estate of Israel G. Lash, on the 1st day of May, 1878, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and settlement. And all persons having claims against said estate will present them for payment within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

THOS. B. LASH, W. A. LASH, W. A. LEMLY, } *Administrators of Israel G. Lash.*

May 16, 1878-tf.

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The best and greatest experience in the treatment of the sexual system of Dr. Butts, and his many years practice in the World, gives the results of his large and successful practice in his two new works, just published, entitled

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SINGLE LIFE

POETRY.

BEGINNING AGAIN.

When, sometimes, our feet grow weary,
On the rugged hills of life—
The path stretching long and dreary
With trial and labor rife—
We pause on the toilsome journey,
Glancing backward in valley and glen,
And sigh with infinite longing
To return and begin again.

For behind is the dew of the morning,
In all its freshness and light,
And before are doubts and shadows,
And the chill and gloom of the night.
We remember the sunny places
We passed so carelessly then,
And ask, with a passionate longing,
To return and begin again.

Ah, vain, indeed, is the asking!
Life's duties press all of us on,
And who dare shrink from the labor,
Or sigh for the sunshine that's gone?
And, it may be, not far on before us
Wait fairer places than them,
Life's paths may yet lead by still waters
Though we may not begin again.

For evermore upward and onward
Be our paths on the hills of life,
And soon with a radiant dawning
Transfigure the toil and the strife,
And our Father's hand will lead us
Tenderly upward then:
In the joy and peace of a fairer world
He'll let us begin again.

HUMOROUS.

Defamatory Prayers.

A bush meeting, or camp meeting, in Arkansas, is the most blackguard representation of piety and worship ever yet seen, and the amount of flirting done on the sly is only equaled by the stories of "rifle" whisky drank in the bushes. Whiskey out there is made by taking out the breech of a rifle and using the barrel instead of a "worm" hence the name, and it may be added that the liquor is scarcely less deadly than the bullet.

Well, in the midst of a bush meeting at Deer Fork, Rev. Ebenezer Crawford had called for sinners to come up and get in the "straw-pen" and be prayed for. The pen was nearly full of penitents, when Jim Gully says to old man Billy Snaffle, the biggest horse-thief in all Arkansas:

"Uncle Billy, you go up and git in the pen; I want to see how Brother Crawford will pray for you, and it'll be a good joke."

"Will it?" says uncle Billy, and right at once walked up, very dolefully like, and crawled into the pen full of mourners.

Brother Crawford stopped speaking for a full minute, for he noticed by the sensation in the crowd that something extraordinary had happened; and presently, when he had took in the fact that it was really old Billy Snaffle had got in among the mourners, he gave a long sigh and groan, then took a long breath and begun, "Glory, hallelujah, the biggest sinner of 'em all has been took in our flock at last. Lift your voices, brethren, and glorify the Lord that can redeem such a one. Here's him which stole Squire Robinson's mare only last week, besides two young mules and a gray jackass from a man over Rattlesnake creek. Here's the sinner which took more horses from poor, unoffending, industrious men than all the other thieves in Arkansas put together. Hallelujah, the Lord has cotched him at last; the vilest horse-thief may return," etc., etc.

And so Brother Crawford went on enumerating every one of Uncle Billy's crimes until the victim couldn't stand it any longer, and bolted out of the "straw-pen" tumbling over a score or two of female mourners, and running for his nag followed by the jeers and shouts of the multitude.

Arkansas in those days had as many lawyers as preachers and horse-thieves, and in three hours Uncle Billy had laid his case before a keen lawyer.

The case was tried by John Catfail, and the damages claimed were enormous. Long and logically did the contending lawyers jaw over that case; finally, when it was given to the jury, the court had to order in a treble supply of "rifle" whisky, so serious and momentous was the issue. At last they came out and the verdict was this:

"Brother Ebenezer Crawford is fined one cow and calf, three pigs and two barrels of corn, for the defamation of the character of Billy Snaffle, and we, the jury, also find that Brother Crawford is to give bonds in the sum of two pigs not to pray for the said Billy Snaffle within the period of six months in public."

A little boy in Sunday School put a poser to his teacher. The lady was telling the class how God punished the Egyptians by causing the first-born of each household to be slain. The little boy listened attentively. At the proper time he mildly inquired: "What would God have done if there had been twins?"

An eminent tallow-chandler was told that after his candles were burned down to the middle, not one of them would burn any longer. He was at first greatly enraged at what he deemed a gross falsehood; but that same evening he tried the experiment at home, and found it to be a fact, that when burned to the middle, the candle would not become any longer by burning.

A little girl visiting a neighbor with her mother, was gazing curiously at the hostess' new bonnet, when the owner queried, "Do you like it, Laura?" The innocent replied, "Why, mother said it was a perfect fright, but it don't scare me." Laura's mother didn't stay long after that.

AGRICULTURAL.

Breeding Poultry.

An illustration of the effect of breeding in and upon poultry is fresh in the recollection of the writer. Many years ago, when a boy on the farm, we noticed that one of our neighbors had an abundance of delicious fresh eggs all the year round for table use, and during most of the year great baskets full of them every week for the market.—On our farm we seldom had eggs to sell, and often none to use although our fowls were well cared for, warmly housed in winter and abundantly fed. They were apparently of the same breed as those of our neighbor, yet while they had eggs in abundance we had none.

The question was discussed in the family circle one day, and it was decided that our neighbor's fowls must be of a better breed than ours, and the writer was instructed to propose an exchange. The suggestion was acted upon, and in the early Spring all the cocks that had been reared upon our farm were beheaded, and their places supplied by young vigorous fellows. The effect was marvelous. Early the next Winter the pullets of the last season's hatching commenced to lay, and it was not long before eggs were as plenty on our farm as upon that of our neighbor. The eggs hatched better, the chickens were stronger and more vigorous and grew to be larger, handsomer birds, and their actual value was greatly increased.

It was noticed that there was really no difference in the breed between our fowls and those of our neighbor, no change was made in the treatment, and an inquiry was accordingly set upon foot to learn what caused the change. It finally dawned upon us that for a period of at least ten years previous to this experiment not a particle of fresh blood had been introduced among our fowls. We had each year selected the handsomest male birds, and by this means they had become in plumage unexcelled; but breeding in and in had been followed until they had become quite small and almost unfertile.

From that time it was the rule on that farm to make an entire change of male birds each year, and none of our neighbors afterwards eclipsed us in the number of chicks raised or eggs marketed. It was to our mind a complete demonstration of the evil effects of breeding in-and-in, and of the vaule of a frequent introduction of fresh blood as far as poultry breeding is concerned, and subsequent experience has but confirmed us in that belief.—*National Stock Journal.*

Bermuda Grass and Sheep.

The true value of Bermuda grass for pasturage, and as a preventive to lands washing, is more than ever before being understood by Southern farmers. Bermuda grass is to the South what blue grass is to Kentucky. We have never yet found the man, who was familiar with Bermuda grass for pasture, who has denied its value for this purpose. We have yet to meet the man who dares assert that this grass upon rich land, does not equal blue grass or orchard in the amount of grazing furnished. Bermuda, acre for acre, will furnish twice the grazing, the same space of time considered, as any other plant ever introduced into the Southern States. Like blue grass, it spreads from runners thrown out in every direction, until a solid mat is formed over the entire surface of the ground. From May until November it can be grazed, and during this period of time grows constantly and remains green. No plant known better withstands the heat of the summer. It will grow and spread over the very poorest soil—will grow upon all kinds of soil—is extremely hardy, and hard to eradicate.

150,000,000 Bushels of Grain.

150,000,000 BUSHES OF GRAIN AT A SINGLE FOOT.

Some striking figures are presented in the report of grain receipts at N. Y. City alone. Reducing the 4,675,271 barrels of flour to its grain equivalent, and we find that during 1878, the canal and railroads delivered at this port no less than 149,270,128 bushels of grain of all kinds, against 98,637,058 bushels in the previous year (1877,) a gain in round numbers of 50,000,000 bushels, or 50 per cent!—a strong confirmation of our statements from time to time of the great crops of 1878. But few persons can have an adequate idea of even one million bushels. Here is a help to one's conception: Load this 150,000,000 bushels upon wagons, 30 bushels to each, arrange them in line, giving each team about 50 feet [illegible], and the line of teams carrying this grain would extend 25,000 miles—*or, clear around the world!*

American Agriculturist for Feb. 1.

The man who has the same amount of capital invested in fifty acres that the majority of farmers have in one hundred, possesses many advantages over the latter. He can raise as much with less labor, for he has but one-half the ground to go over, and his land is in so much better condition that, in mowing and raking, or ploughing, he can do it far more expeditiously.

Farmers lose money by keeping no account of farm operations; paying no attention to the maxim that "a stitch in time saves nine;" allowing fences to remain unrepaired until strange cattle are found grazing in the meadow, grain fields, or browsing on the fruit trees; planting fruit trees without giving the trees attention required to make them profitable, and by many other forms of neglect.

New York Weekly Herald.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

The circulation of this popular newspaper, has more than trebled during the past year. It contains all the leading news contained in the Daily Herald, and is arranged in handy departments. The

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embraces special dispatches from all quarters of the globe. Under the head of

AMERICAN NEWS

are given the Telegraphic Despatches of the week from all parts of the Union. This feature alone makes

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POLITICAL NEWS

embracing complete and comprehensive despatches from Washington, including full reports of the speeches of eminent politicians on the questions of the hour.

THE FARM DEPARTMENT

of the Weekly Herald gives the latest as well as the most practical suggestions and discoveries relating to the duties of the farm. Crops for Fattening Cattle, Poultry, Grains, Trees, Vegetables, &c., &c., with suggestions for keeping buildings and farming utensils in repair. This is supplemented by a well-edited department, widely copied, under the head of

THE HOME,

giving recipes for practical dishes, hints for making clothing and for keeping up with the latest fashions at the lowest price. Every item of cooking or economy suggested in this department is practically tested by experts before publication. Letters from our Paris and London correspondents on the very latest fashions. The Home Department of the Weekly Herald will save the housewife more than one hundred times the price of the paper. The interests of

SKILLED LABOR

are looked after, and everything relating to mechanics and labor saving is carefully recorded. There is a page devoted to all the latest phases of the business markets, Crops, Merchandise, &c. A valuable feature is found in the specially reported prices and conditions of

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A. L. CERTER